### **Nuclear Regulatory Commission**

- (2) An appeal under this section may not be longer than twenty (20) pages and must contain the following:
- (i) A concise statement of the specific rulings and decisions that are being appealed;
- (ii) A concise statement (including record citations) where the matters of fact or law raised in the appeal were previously raised before the presiding officer and, if they were not, why they could not have been raised;
- (iii) A concise statement why, in the appellant's view, the decision or action is erroneous; and
- (iv) A concise statement why the Commission should review the decision or action, with particular reference to the grounds specified in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (3) Any other party to the proceeding may, within fifteen (15) days after service of the appeal, file an answer supporting or opposing the appeal. The answer may not be longer than twenty (20) pages and should concisely address the matters specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section. The appellant does not have a right to reply. Unless it directs additional filings or oral arguments, the Commission will decide the appeal on the basis of the filings permitted by this paragraph.
- (b) In considering the appeal, the Commission will give due weight to the existence of a substantial question with respect to the following considerations:
- (1) A finding of material fact is clearly erroneous or in conflict with a finding as to the same fact in a different proceeding;
- (2) A necessary legal conclusion is without governing precedent or is a departure from, or contrary to, established law:
- (3) A substantial and important question of law, policy or discretion has been raised by the appeal;
- (4) The conduct of the proceeding involved a prejudicial procedural error;
- (5) Any other consideration which the Commission may deem to be in the public interest.
- (c) Once a decision becomes final agency action, the Secretary shall transmit the decision to the NRC staff

for action in accordance with the decision

## **Subpart O—Legislative Hearings**

Source: 69 FR 2273, Jan. 14, 2004, unless otherwise noted.

#### §2.1500 Purpose and scope.

The purpose of this subpart is to provide for simplified, legislative hearing procedures to be used, at the Commission's sole discretion, in:

- (a) Any design certification rulemaking hearings under subpart B of part 52 of this chapter that the Commission may choose to conduct; and
- (b) Developing a record to assist the Commission in resolving, under §2.335(d), a petition filed under §2.335(b).

## § 2.1501 Definitions.

Demonstrative information means physical things, not constituting documentary information.

Documentary information means information, ordinarily contained in documents or electronic files, but may also include photographs and digital audio files.

# § 2.1502 Commission decision to hold legislative hearing.

- (a) The Commission may, in its discretion, hold a legislative hearing in either a design certification rule-making under §52.51(b) of this chapter, or a proceeding where a question has been certified to it under §2.335(d).
- (b) Notice of Commission decision-(1) Hearing in design certification rulemakings. If, at the time a proposed design certification rule is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER under §52.51(a) of this chapter, the Commission decides that a legislative hearing should be held, the information required by paragraph (c) of this section must be included in the FEDERAL REGISTER notice for the proposed design certification rule. If, following the submission of written public comments submitted on the proposed design certification rule which are submitted in accordance with §52.51(a) of this chapter, the Commission decides to conduct a legislative hearing, the Commission shall publish a notice in the FEDERAL

### § 2.1503

REGISTER and on the NRC Web site indicating its determination to conduct a legislative hearing. The notice shall contain the information specified in paragraph (c) of this section, and specify whether the Commission or a presiding officer will conduct the legislative hearing.

- (2) Hearings under §2.335(d). If, following a certification of a question to the Commission by a Licensing Board under §2.335(d), the Commission decides to hold a legislative hearing to assist it in resolving the certified question, the Commission shall issue an order containing the information required by paragraph (c) of this section. The Commission shall serve the order on all parties in the proceeding. In addition, if the Commission decides that persons and entities other than those identified in paragraph (c)(2) may request to participate in the legislative hearing, the Commission shall publish a notice of its determination to hold a legislative hearing in the FEDERAL REGISTER and on the NRC Web site. The notice shall contain the information specified in paragraph (c) of this section, and refer to the criteria in §2.1504 which will be used in determining requests to participate in the legislative hearing.
- (c) If the Commission decides to hold a legislative hearing, it shall, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section:
- (1) Identify with specificity the issues on which it wishes to compile a record;
- (2) Identify, in a hearing associated with a question certified to the Commission under §2.335(d), the parties and interested State(s), governmental bodies, and Federally-recognized Indian Tribe under §2.315(c), who may participate in the legislative hearing;
- (3) Identify persons and entities that may, in the discretion of the Commission, be invited to participate in the legislative hearing;
- (4) Indicate whether other persons and entities may request, in accordance with §2.1504, to participate in the legislative hearing, and the criteria that the Commission or presiding officer will use in determining whether to permit such participation;
- (5) Indicate whether the Commission or a presiding officer will conduct the legislative hearing;

- (6) Specify any special procedures to be used in the legislative hearing;
- (7) Set the dates for submission of requests to participate in the legislative hearing, submission of written statements and demonstrative and documentary information, and commencement of the oral hearing; and
- (8) Specify the location where the oral hearing is to be held. Ordinarily, oral hearings will be held in the Washington, DC metropolitan area.

#### § 2.1503 Authority of presiding officer.

If the Commission appoints a presiding officer to conduct the legislative hearing, the presiding officer shall be responsible for expeditious development of a sufficient record on the Commission-identified issues, consistent with the direction provided by the Commission under §2.1502(c). The presiding officer has the authority otherwise accorded to it under §§2.319(a), (c), (e), (g), (h), and (i), 2.324, and 2.333 to control the course of the proceeding, and may exercise any other authority granted to it by the Commission in accordance with §2.1502(c)(6).

# § 2.1504 Request to participate in legislative hearing.

- (a) Any person or entity who wishes to participate in a legislative hearing noticed under either \$2.1502(b)(1) or (b)(2) shall submit a request to participate by the date specified in the notice. The request must address:
- (1) A summary of the person's position on the subject matter of the legislative hearing; and
- (2) The specific information, expertise or experience that the person possesses with respect to the subject matter of the legislative hearing.
- (b) The Commission or presiding officer shall, within ten (10) days of the date specified for submission of requests to participate, determine whether the person or entity has met the criteria specified by the Commission under §2.1502(c)(4) for determining requests to participate in the legislative hearing, and issue an order to that person or entity informing them of the presiding officer's decision. A presiding officer's determinations in this regard are final and not subject to any motion for reconsideration or appeal to the